San Diego County Community Wildfire Protection Plan (CWPP) Completion Guide

Learn the process of how to create or update a CWPP in San Diego County through our workshop offerings, partnerships, and review committee.



What is a Community Wildfire Protection Plan?

Community Wildfire Protection Plans (CWPPs) are an important component of a wildfire safety strategy. These plans are highly collaborative and are developed by communities in partnership with federal, state, and local agencies, who can help to identify and prioritize projects and priorities. CWPPs are not meant to be a project scoping document, or trigger CEQA/NEPA, but broader in nature, defining a community's priorities, risks, and increasing partnerships.

Currently there are over 40 approved CWPPs in San Diego County. These documents are signed and approved by a CWPP review committee, local fire agency, and the CAL FIRE Unit Chief.

San Diego Regional Cohesive Strategy

- To align with State & Federal funding opportunities, and to keep the region aligned, we developed four strategic objectives to guide the CWPP
 - Community Outreach & Education
 - Home Hardening
 - Defensible Space
 - Fuels Treatment
 - Evacuation Planning

How does the Fire Safe Council of San Diego County support the CWPP process?

The Fire Safe Council of San Diego County (FSCSDC) supports authors in drafting or updating their CWPPs through:

- Annual CWPP Writer's Workshop
- · A CWPP Template
- GIS Mapping
- · Facilitating review and approval
- · Connecting stakeholders

Why develop or update a CWPP?

- In some cases, grant applications may receive greater priority if the projects are identified in an approved CWPP.
- Improve community safety by working to address issues specific to your community, such as: wildfire response, hazard mitigation, and community preparedness.
- Identify and prioritize areas for hazardous fuel reduction and forest health projects, and outline plans for mitigation.
- Collaborate with stakeholders in your community to identify and clarify priorities for projection of life, property, and critical infrastructure.
- Keep maps, contacts, and priorities up to date.

requests, contact Morgan and Thomas.





About the Annual CWPP Review Cycle

The Fire Safe Council of San Diego County (FSCSDC) sets annual dates for CWPP Writer's Workshops and conducts outreach. The FSCSDC also sets annual dates for the CWPP Review Committee and sets timeline for the year.

The Writers' Workshops typically occur in January through February of each year, with the Review Committee meetings being held around March through April.

CWPP authors and partners are highly encouraged to attend the CWPP Writer's Workshop to be included in the Review Committee meeting.

CWPP reviews can occur outside of the annual CWPP review cycle through special meetings of the Review Committee (coordinated by the FSCSDC).

Writer's Resources

- <u>FEMA "Creating a Community Wildfire</u> <u>Protection Plan" Guide</u>
- Office of the State Fire Marshal CWPP Guide
- The Community Wildfire Protection Planning Process: A Quick Guide Series on Collaboration
- <u>Preparing a community Wildfire Protection</u>
 <u>Plan, a Handbook for Wildland Urban Interface</u>
 Communities
- <u>Download the official San Diego County CWPP</u> template on our website here.
- To find a list of approved CWPPs in San Diego County, their project boundaries, and additional resources visit our website here.

What is the CWPP Writers' Workshop?

The CWPP Writers' Workshop is stakeholders can learn about the countywide CWPP template and the CWPP process. This meeting is led by the FSCSDC President, CAL FIRE, and other partners where technical assistance and guidance is offered to attendees. CWPP Review Committee agency representatives are invited to provide insight, guidance, and resources.

Writer's Tip

Community Wildfire Protection Plans are highly collaborative. Working with the local fire protection districts/departments, applicable federal and state partners, and community based organizations in your area is key to the success of a CWPP.

<u>Find an interactive map of all local fire protection</u> <u>districts here.</u> Contact the Fire Safe Council for contacts in your community.

Think about other partners in your community that may engage in wildfire resilience projects. Examples may include school districts, regional parks, water districts, utility companies, conservancies, etc.



Questions & Answers

Who can draft a CWPP?

A variety of stakeholders engaged in wildfire resilience can draft a CWPP. This includes Fire Safe Councils, fire agencies, Cities, Counties, Firewise communities, HOAs, Tribal Nations, and more.

Is a consultant required?

No, consultation is not required. With the use of the CWPP template and engaging with the right stakeholders, the document can be completed for minimal to no cost. However, if additional fire risk modeling, or project scoping, is a goal of the CWPP author, professional consultation can create additional appendixes to complement the CWPP template.

What if I want to include additional information outside of the template?

The template was designed to create continuity and cohesion of the many CWPPs in San Diego County. However, some authors want to add additional information for context or grant opportunities. This can be added as appendixes at the end of the document and can be referenced during the required sections. For example, the use of a consultant to produce fire risk modeling for a City could be included as an appendix, and used to reference planning of fuels reduction priorities in the Fuels Treatment section.

Is the use of the template required?

Yes, utilization of the CWPP template is required. Ultimately, the CAL FIRE Unit Chief approved the use of the template and will sign off on documents in this format.

Who must collaborate on a CWPP?

CWPPs must be developed in partnership by the fire agency having jurisdiction, state entity (CAL FIRE), the San Diego County CWPP Review Committee, and local stakeholders such as a Fire Safe Council, Firewise community, HOAs, etc. Collaboration should be documented in Appendix A of the CWPP.

What is the scale of a CWPP?

CWPPs can be regional or localized! It is important to develop the plan area in partnership with CAL FIRE and the local fire agency to ensure there are no overlaps with existing CWPPs. If there are, plans need to be made to integrate the documents or deconflict boundaries.



Community Wildfire Protection Plan Process

From first draft to final copy

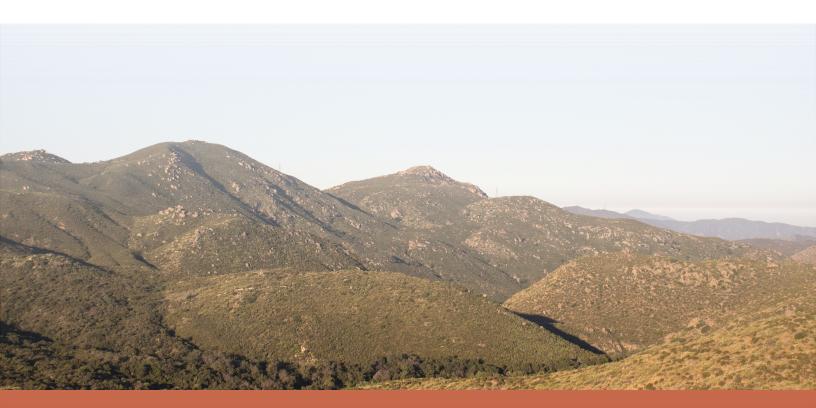
Step One: An organization engaged wildfire mitigation work notifies FSCSDC staff they are interested in drafting or amending a CWPP.

Step Two: FSCDC can connect CWPP author to the corresponding stakeholders such as a local fire agency, or agencies, Fire Safe Council, Firewise community, or other partners, to consult during the drafting process. If the author is a community based organization, they will work hand in hand with the local fire representative when making decisions for the document. The FSCSDC provides this information through passing on contact information if the authors don't already have this information. If the author is a fire agency, City, or other governing body, the FSCSDC will work to connect the author to community based organizations such as their corresponding local Fire Safe Council(s).

Some areas have several fire agencies within their CWPP boundary. All agencies within the boundary should be consulted during the drafting of the document. The FSCSDC and CAL FIRE can verify fire agency coverage and vet the plan's boundaries.

Step Three: The CWPP authors should hold several drafting meetings to receive public and other stakeholder engagement on the document. Usually, the local fire agency will decide what representative they would like to send to those community meetings and a CAL FIRE Community Risk Reduction Captain is usually present to inform the document.

Step Four: The authors submit the draft to FSCSDC. San Diego County Fire can provide mapping services if the corresponding fire agency does not have these capabilities. San Diego County Fire can also be consulted for existing boundaries if the fire agency does not have records of those. At this stage, all required maps should be drafted. Those required maps include: Area Communities Map, Fire Hazard Severity Map, Fire History Map, PACE Evacuation Map, "Know Your Zone" Map, and an optional Fuels Treatment Projects Map.



Step Five: The document then goes to the CWPP review committee. Typically, the review committee meeting invitation is extended to a representative from each of the following agencies: FSCSDC President, RCDGSDC, BLM, CAL FIRE, San Diego County Fire, San Diego City Fire, USFS, USFWS. The FSCSDC Coordinator distributes all CWPP drafts to review committee members two weeks prior the review committee meeting for corresponding departments to review and provide in depth comment during the meeting.

Step Six: The CWPP is either 1) Approved as is 2) Needs edits and another review.

Step Seven: FSCSDC reports back to the community FSC to communicate the outcome of the review, and request edits, if needed. The corresponding changes are made then resubmitted for another round of review which takes place virtually for review committee members to confirm their edits have been made. The review committee has 14 days to ensure their edits are made before the document is taken to the next step.

Step Eight: FSCSDC finalizes all edits from the review committee and submits to the CWPP author to double check before the document goes to the signature phase.

Step Nine: The FSCDSDC sends the document in sequential order to the CWPP author, local fire agency representative, FSCSDC President and CAL FIRE Unit Chief for final signatures via DocuSign.

Step Ten: Once signatures are final, the CWPP process is complete. Final CWPPs are published on FSCSDC website, sent to the community Fire Safe Council and/or CWPP author, and California Fire Safe Council.

